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(AICTE Model Curriculum Based Scheme) with Provision for Internship

Bachelor of Technology (B.Tech.) VII Semester (Electronics & Telecommunication Engineering)

	Subject				Maxim	um Marks Al	lotted			Contact	Hours Per	Week	T
S.No.		Category	Subject Name	Theory				ctical	Total		T		Total
	Code	Code		End. Sem.	Mid Sem. Exam.	Quiz/ Assignment	End Sem.	Lab Work	Marks	L	Т	P	Total Credits
1	EC701M	PCC	Optical Communication	70	20	10	30	20	150	2		2	
2	EC702M		CMOS VLSI Design	70	20	10	30		150	3	-	2	4
3	EC703M	PCC	Antenna Wave Propagation	70	20	10		20	150	3	-	2	4
4	EC704M	PEC	Professional Elective Course-II	70	20		30	20	150	3	-	2	4
5	EC705M	OEC	Open Elective Course-III	70		10	-	-	100	3	1	-	4
6	EC706M	MC	Industrial Training Evaluation		20	10	-	-	100	3	1	-	4
7	EC707M	DLC	Self-Learning Presentation (SWAYAM/NPTEL/MOOC)	-	-	-	-	- 40	100	-	-	-	8
The same of	1977		Total	350	100	50	150	100	750	15	2	10	22
8	EC708M		NSS/NCC/Swachhata Abhiyan/Rural Outreach	Qualifie			150	100	/50	15	2	10	22
			rs or Minor Specialization	Permitte Honours	ed to opt for s (Minor Spe	maximum the	ree addi	tional cou	rses in sub	ject code l	EC707M f	or the a	ward of

Note: 01. Departmental BOS will decide list of three/four elective subjects for each PEC and OEC.

02. MOOC/NPTEL subjects shall be taken with permission of HOD/Coordinator

03. Industrial training presentation & viva shall take place in VII Sem. which students have already done in VI Sem.

	Professional Elective Course-II										
S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name									
1	EC704M A	Wireless Communication									
2	EC704M B	Information Theory & Coding									
3	EC704M C	RFID									

	Open 1	Elective Course-III
S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name
1	EC705M A	Digital Image Processing
2	EC705M B	Artificial Intelligence
3	EC705M C	Robotics

PEC: Professional Elective Course (Branch Specific), OEC: Open Elective Course (Interdisciplinary), PCC: Professional Core Course, DLC: Distance Learning

Course, MC: Mandatory Course

1 hour lecture (L) = 1 credit

1 hour Tutorial (T) = 1 credit

2 hour Practical (P) = 1 credit

Jabalpur Engineering College Jabalpur (M.P.)

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COURSE CONTENTS w.e.f. July 2024

Subject code	Subject Name	Maximum Marks Allotted					Total	Hours/Week			Total	
		Theory			Practical		Marks				Credits	
EC701M	Optical			Quiz	End	Lab		L	T	P		
	Communication	Sem Exam	Assignment	Sem	Work	150	4					
		70	20	10	30	20		3	-	2		

Module-I

Overview of Optical Fiber Communications (OFC): Motivation, optical spectral bands, key elements of optical fiber systems. Optical fibers: basic optical laws and definitions, optical fiber modes and configurations, mode theory for circular waveguides, single mode fibers, graded-index fiber structure, fiber materials, photonic crystal fibers, fiber fabrication, fiber optic cables.

Module -II

Optical sources: Light emitting diodes (LEDs): structures, materials, quantum efficiency, LED power, modulation of an LED. Laser diodes: modes, threshold conditions, laser diode rate equations, external quantum efficiency, resonant frequencies, structure and radiation patterns, single mode lasers, modulation of laser diodes. **Power launching and coupling:** source to fiber power launching, fiber to fiber joints, LED coupling to single mode fibers, fiber splicing, optical fiber connectors. Multimode fibers.

Module -III

Photo detectors: pin photo detector, avalanche photodiodes, photo detector noise, detector response time, avalanche multiplication noise. Signal degradation in optical fibers: Attenuation: units, absorption, scattering losses, bending losses, core and cladding losses. Signal distortion in fibers: overview of distortion origins, modal delay, factors contributing to delay, group delay, material dispersion, waveguide dispersion, polarization-mode dispersion. Characteristics of single mode fibers: refractive index profiles, cutoff wavelength, dispersion calculations, mode field diameter, bending loss calculation. Specialty fibers.

Module-IV Optical receivers: fundamental receiver operation, digital receiver performance, eye diagrams, coherent detection: homodyne andheterodyne, burst mode receiver, analog receivers. Digital links: point to point links, link power budget, rise time budget, power penalties. Analog links: overview of analog links, carrier to noise ratio, multichannel transmission techniques.

Module -V

Optical technologies Wavelength division multiplexing (WDM) concepts: operational principles of WDM, passive optical star coupler, isolators, circulators, Active optical components: MEMS technology, variable optical attenuators, tunable optical filters, dynamic gain equalizers, polarization controller, chromatic dispersion compensators. Optical amplifiers: basic applications and types of optical amplifiers, Erbium Doped Fiber Amplifiers (EDFA): amplification mechanism, architecture, power conversion efficiency and gain. Amplifier noise, optical SNR, system applications. CWDM & DWDM.

Performance Measurement and monitoring: measurement standards, basic test equipment, optical power measurements, optical fiber characterization, eye diagram tests, optical timedomain reflectometer, optical performance monitoring.

References:

- 1. G. Keiser: Optical Fiber Communications, 4th Edition, TMH New Delhi.
- 2. J. M. Senior: Optical Fiber Communication- Principles and Practices, 2nd Edition, Pearson
- 3. G. P. Agarwal: Fiber Optic Communication Systems, 3rd Edition, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. J. C. Palais: Fiber Optics Communications, 5th Edition, Pearson Education.
- 5. R.P. Khare: Fiber Optics and Optoelectronics, Oxford University Press.
- 6. A. Ghatak and K. Thyagrajan: Fiber Optics and Lasers, Macmillan India Ltd.
- 7. S. C. Gupta: Optoelectronic Devices and Systems, PHI Learning.
- 8. Sterling: Introduction to Fiber Optics, Cengage Learning.

List of Experiments:

- 1. Launching of light into the optical fiber and calculate the numerical aperture and V-number.
- 2. Observing Holograms and their study.
- 3. Optic version Mach-Zehnder interferometer.
- Measurement of attenuation loss in an optical fiber.
- 5. Diffraction using gratings.
- 6. Construction of Michelson interferometer.
- 7. Setting up a fiber optic analog link and study of PAM.
- 8. Setting up a fiber optic digital link and study of TDM and Manchester coding.
- 9. Measurement of various misalignment losses in an optical fiber.

Course Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of course students will be able to:

CO1	Understand basics of optical fibers
CO2	Knowledge of various light sources
CO3	Describe various detectors and other theoretical aspects of fibers
CO4	Illustrate various optical receivers
CO5	Elaborate optical technologies

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			COURSE CONTENTS				w.e.f. July 2024						
Subject code	Subject Name	Maximum Marks Allotted					Total	Hours/Week			Total		
		Theory			Practical		Marks				Credits		
EC703M	CMOS VLSI	CMOS VLSI	CMOS VLSI	End	Mid-Sem	Quiz	End	Lab	7 7 7 7 7	L	T	P	
EC702M	Design		Sem Work	Work	150				4				
		70	20	10	30	20	130	3	- 2	4			

Module - I

Introduction to cmos circuits, circuits & system representation Behavioral representation, structural representation. Physical representation MOS transistor theory. NMOS and PMOS enhancement transistor. Threshold voltage body effect. MOS device design equation. Basic DC equation. Second order effect, MOS models.

CMOS inverter - DC character, Static load MOS inverters. The differential inverter Tristate inverter. Bipolar devices, diodes, transistors, BICMOS inverters.

Module - II

Review of silicon semiconductor technology and basic CMOS technology-n- well and p-well process. Interconnect and circuit Twin-tub process layout design rules and latch-up, latch-up triggering and prevention.

Circuit characterization and performance estimation resistance and capacitance estimation, Switching characteristics, CMOS gate transistor sizing, power dissipation. Basic physical design of simple logic gates. CMOS logic structure.

Module - III

CMOS design methods. Design strategies. Programmable logic, programmable logic structure, reprogrammable gate arrays. Xylinx programmable gate array. Algotonix, concurrent logic, sea of gate and gate array design VHDL as a tool.

Module - IV

Single-Stage Amplifier: Basic Concepts, Common Source Stage, Source Follower, Common-Gate Stage, Cascode Stage.

Frequency Response of Amplifiers: General Consideration, Common-Source Stage, Source Followers, Common-Gate Stage, Cascode Stage, Differential Pair.

Module - V

Differential Amplifier: Single-Ended and Differential Operation, Basic Differential Pair, Common-Mode Response, Differential Pair with MOS Loads, Gilbert Cell.

Feedback Amplifier: General Consideration, Feedback Topologies, Effect of Loading, Effect of Feedback on Noise.

Switched-Capacitor Circuits: General Consideration, Sampling Switches, Switched-Capacitor Amplifier, Switched-Capacitor Integrator, Switched-Capacitor Common-Mode Feedback.

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Reference Books:

- Neil, H.E. Wesdte, Kamran Eshraghian, Principles of CMOS VLSI design, Pearson Education.
- 2. Wyne wolf, Modern VLSI design-system on silicon, Prentics Hall of india
- Phillip E. Allen and Douglas R holding, CMOS analog Circuit Design, 2nd edition, Oxford University press.
- 4. B. Razavi: Design of Analog CMOS Integrated Circuits, TMH Publication.
- 5. Weste, Harris and Banerjee: CMOS VLSI Design, Pearson Education
- 6. J. M. Rabaey, Digital Integrated Circuits, PHI Learning

Course Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of course students will be able to:

opon s	uccessful completion of course students will be used to
CO1	Understand the working of CMOS and Characterize CMOS Inverter
CO2	Knowledge of CMOS Technology, Estimation of circuit characteristics of CMOS
CO3	Understand various CMOS design methods
CO4	Understand concept of single stage amplifier and its frequency response
CO5	Designing of Differential and feedback amplifier and Switched Capacitor Circuits

CMOS VLSI DESIGN

(Suggested Exercise)

List of Experiments

- 1. Study of Lambda based and Micron Based Design Rules
- 2. To design a CMOS Inverter and verify its DC and Transient Characteristics using EDA Tools (Cadence/Mentor Graphics/Tanner/Microwind)
- 3. To design Logic Gates (AND, NAND, OR, NOR) using EDA Tools
- 4. Design of Half Adder Full Adder using EDA Tool
- 5. To design Combinational Circuit implementing logic expressions
- To design and Simulate following single stage Amplifiers and verify its Frequency response characteristics
 - a) CS Amplifier
 - b) CG Amplifier
 - c) CD Amplifier
- 7. To Design and Simulate Basic Differential amplifier

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COURSE CONTENTS

(AICTE Model Curriculum Based Scheme) With Provision for Internship Bachelor of Technology (B.Tech.) VII Semester (Electronics & Telecommunication Engg.)

w.e.f. July 2024

Subject code	Subject Name		Maximum Marks Allotted					Total Ho		eek	Total	
		Theory			Practical		Marks				Credits	
EC703M	Antenna Wave	End	Mid-Sem	Quiz	End	Lab	Lab Work 150	L	T	P	4	
EC/03NI	Propagation	Sem	Exam	Assignment	Sem	Work						
		70	20	10	30	20		3	-	2		

Module - I : Introduction to antenna: antenna terminology, radiation, retarded potential, radiation field from current element, radiation resistance of short dipole and half wave dipole antenna, network theorems applied to antenna, self and mutual impedance of antenna, effect of earth on vertical pattern and image antenna.

Module - II: Antenna arrays: of point sources, two element array, end fire and broad side arrays, uniform linear arrays of n-elements, linear arrays with non-uniform amplitude distribution (binomial distribution and Chebyshev optimum distribution), arrays of two-driven half wavelength elements (broad side and end fire case), principle of pattern multiplication.

Module - III :Types of antennas: Babinet's principles and complementary antenna, horn antenna, parabolic reflector antenna, slot antenna, log periodic antenna, loop antenna, helical antenna, biconical antenna, folded dipole antenna, Yagi-Uda antenna, lens antenna, turnstile antenna. Long wire antenna: resonant and travelling wave antennas for different wave lengths, V-antenna, rhombic antenna, beverage antenna, microstrip antenna.

Module - IV: Antenna array synthesis: introduction, continuous sources, methods-Schelknoff polynomial method, Fourier transform method, Woodward- Lawson method, Taylor's method, Laplace transform method, Dolph- Chebychev method, triangular, cosine and cosine squared amplitude distribution, line source, phase distribution, continuous aperture sources. Beam forming.

Module - V: Propagation of radio wave: structure of troposphere, stratosphere and ionosphere, modes of propagation, ground wave propagation, duct propagation. Sky wave propagation: Mechanism of Radio Wave Bending by Ionosphere, critical angle and critical frequency, virtual height, skip distance and LUF, MUF. Single hop and multiple hop transmission, influence of earths magnetic field on radio wave propagation, Fading Space Wave Propagation: LOS, effective earth's radius, field strength of space or tropospheric propagation.

References:

- 1. J. D. Krauss: Antennas; for all applications, TMH.
- 2. R. E. Collin, Antennas and Wave Propagation, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. C. A. Balanis: Antenna Theory Analysis and Design, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Jordan and Balmain: Electromagnetic Fields and Radiating System, PHI.
- 5. A. R. Harish and M. Sachidananda: Antennas and wave propagation, Oxford University Press.
- 6. K. D. Prasad: Antennas and Wave Propagation, SatyaPrakashan.
- 7. B. L. Smith: MordernAnteenas, 2nd Edition, Springer, Macmillan India Ltd.

Course Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of course students will be able to:

CO1	Understand various antenna terminologies	
CO2	Designing of antenna arrays	
CO3	Knowledge of working of various types of antenna	
CO4	Synthesize various antenna arrays	
CO5	Differentiate between various mechanism of propagation of radio waves	

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. To study the variation of field strength of radiated wave, with distance from transmitting antenna.
- 2. To plot radiation pattern of an omni directional antenna.
- 3. To plot the radiation pattern of a directional antenna. (Yagi-Uda 3- elements)
- 4. To study the phenomenon of linear & circular polarization of antennas.
- 5. To demonstrate that the transmitting and receiving pattern of an antenna are equal & hence conform the reciprocity of the antennas
- 6. Study of dipole antenna/ folded dipole antenna & its radiation pattern.
- 7. Study of Yagi (3ele/4ele) antenna & its radiation pattern
- 8. Study of Log-periodic antenna & its radiation pattern.
- 9. Study of Parabolic reflector & its construction & its radiation pattern.
- 10. Study of Loop antennas, (Quad & Square loop) construction & its radiation pattern.
- 11. Study of Biconical antenna, construction & its radiation pattern
- 12 Study of Horn antenna

13. Study of Rhombic antenna

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COURSE CONTENTS w.e.f. July 2024

Subject		Maximum Marks Allotted					W.C.					
code	Subject Name						Total	Но	urs/W	Total		
		Theory			Practical		Marks		Credits			
EC704M A	Wireless Communication	End	Mid-Sem	Quiz	End	Lab	The second	L	T	P		
		Sem	Exam	Assignment	Sem	Work	100			Sec. 1	4	
		70	20	10	-	-		3	1	-		

Module-I: Mobile Radio Propagation I: Path Loss and Shadowing

Radio Wave Propagation, Transmit and Receive Signal Models, Free-Space Path Loss, Ray Tracing, Two-Ray Model, Ten-Ray Model (Dielectric Canyon), General Ray Tracing, Local Mean Received Power, Empirical Path Loss Models, The Okumura Model, Hata Model, COST 231ExtensiontoHataModel, Piecewise Linear (Multi-Slope) Model, Indoor Attenuation Factors, Simplified Path Loss Model, Shadow Fading, Combined Path Loss and Shadowing, Outage Probability under Path Loss and Shadowing, Cell Coverage Area.

Module-II: Mobile Radio Propagation II: Statistical Multipath Channel Models

Time-Varying Channel Impulse Response, Narrow band Fading Models, Autocorrelation, Cross Correlation, and Power Spectral Density, Envelope and Power Distributions, Level Crossing Rate and Average Fade Duration, Finite State Markov Channels, Wideband Fading Models, Power Delay Profile, Coherence Bandwidth, Doppler Power Spectrum and Channel Coherence Time, Transforms for Autocorrelation and Scattering Functions, Discrete-Time Model, Space-Time Channel Models.

Module-III: Capacity of Wireless Channels

Capacity in AWGN, Capacity of Flat-Fading Channels, Channel and System Model, Channel Distribution Information(CDI)Known, Channel Side Information at Receiver Channel Side Information at Transmitter and Receiver, Capacity with Receiver Diversity Capacity Comparisons, Capacity of Frequency-Selective Fading Channels, Time-Invariant Channels, Time-Varying Channels.

Module-IV: Diversity

Realization of Independent Fading Paths, Receiver Diversity, System Model, Selection Combining, Threshold Combining, Maximal Ratio Combining, Equal-Gain Combining, Channel Known at Transmitter Channel Unknown at Transmitter-The Alamouti Scheme, Moment Generating Functions in Diversity Analysis, Diversity Analysis for MRC, Diversity Analysis for EGC and SC, Diversity Analysis for Noncoherent and Differentially Coherent Modulation

Module-V: Wireless system and standards

Global Systems for mobile (GSM), GSM Services and features, GSM system architecture, GSM radio Subsystem, GSM Channel types, Example of GSM call, Frame structure for GSM, Signal

processing in GSM, CDMA Digital Cellular Standards (IS-95), Frequency and Channel Specification, Forward CDMA Channel, Reverse CDMA Channel, Third generation systems, OFDM and 4G communication.

Reference Books:

- 1. Fundamentals of Wireless Communication: David Tse and Pramod Viswanath
- 2. Principles of Mobile Communication : Gordon L. Stüber
- 3. WIRELESSCOMMUNICATIONS: AndreaGoldsmith
- 4. Wireless Communication Principles and Practice: T. S. Rappaport

Course Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of course students will be able to:

CO1	Understand path loss and shadowing in mobile radio propagation	
CO2	Describe statistical multipath channel modes	
CO3	Knowledge of capacity of various wireless channels	
CO4	Analyze the diversity in wireless channels	
CO5	Elaborate various wireless systems and standards	

Paharis-

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Subject code	Subject Name	Maximum Marks Allotted					Total Marks	Hours/Week			Total	
	T 6		Theory			Practical		-		Credits		
ECTO IN D	Information	End	Mid-Sem	Quiz	End	Lab		L	T	P		
EC704M B	Theory & Coding	Sem	Exam	Assignment	Sem	Work	100	,			4	
		70	20	10	-	-		3	1	0.	2.25	

Module -I

Source Coding: A logarithmic measure of information, Average mutual information and entropy, Information measures for continuous random variables, Noiseless coding theorem, Coding for discrete memoryless sources, Discrete stationary sources, The Lampel-Ziv algorithm, Coding for analog sources, rate distortion function.

Module -II

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Channel Capacity and Coding: The converse to the coding theorem, Channel models, Channel capacity, Achieving channel capacity with orthogonal Signals, Channel reliability functions, Random coding based on M-ary Binary-coded signals, Practical Communication systems in light of Shannon's equation.

Module -III

The Noisy-channel coding theorem: Linear Block codes, The generator matrix and the parity check matrix, Some specific linear block codes, Cyclic codes, Decoding of linear block codes, bounds on minimum distance of the linear block codes.

Module -IV

Convolutional Codes: Basic properties of the convolutional codes, The transfer function of a convolutional code, Optimum decoding of convolutional codes- The Viterbi algorithm, Distance properties of binary convolutional codes, Other decoding algorithms for convolutional codes, Practical considerations in the application of convolutional codes.

Module -V

Complex codes based on combination of simple codes: Product codes, Concatenated codes, Turbo codes, The BCJR algorithm.

Coding for Bandwidth-constraint channels: Combined coding and modulation, Trellis coded modulation.

References:

- 1. Simon Haykins: Communication Systems, 4th Edition, John Wiley.
- 2. J. G. Proakis: Digital Communications, McGraw Hills
- 3. B.P. Lathi: Modern Analog and Digital Communication System, Oxford University Press
- 4. R. G. Gallager: Information Theory and Reliable Communication, John Wiley and Sons
- A. J. Viterbi and J. K. Omura: Principles of Digital Communications and Coding, McGraw Hill Series.

6. U. Madhow: Fundamentals of Digital Communication, Cambridge University Press.

Course Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of course students will be able to:

CO1	Understand various source coding algorithms
CO2	Describe channel capacity
CO3	Translate the noisy channel coding theorems
CO4	Describe various convolution codes
CO5	Execute complex codes based on combination of simple codes

Burans

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COURSE CONTENTS
w.e.f. July 2024

			COU	DE CONTE	115		11.0.	i. oui	J 202	•		
Subject code	Subject Name		Maximum Marks Allotted				Total Marks	Но	urs/W	eek	Total	
	34		Theory		Practical		Marks				Credits	
EC704M C	DEID	End	Mid-Sem.	Mid-Sem. Quiz End Lab		L	T	P				
EC/04M C	KFID	RFID Sem. Exam Assign	Assignment	Sem. Worl	Sem. Work	Sem. Work	Work	100	2	1		4
		70	20	10	-	-		3	1	-		

Module - I. : Introduction: Automatic Identification Systems, a Comparison of Different ID Systems, Components of an RFID System.

Differentiation Features of RFID Systems: Fundamental Differentiation Features, Transponder Construction Formats, Frequency, Range and Coupling, Information Processing in the Transponder, Selection Criteria for RFID Systems.

Module - II: Fundamental Operating Principles: 1-Bit Transponder, Full and Half Duplex Procedure, Sequential Procedures.

Physical Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Waves, Surface Waves.

Waves.

**Bull Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Waves, Surface **Bull Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Waves, Surface **Bull Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Waves, Surface **Bull Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Waves, Surface **Bull Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Waves, Surface **Bull Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Waves, Surface **Bull Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Waves, Surface **Bull Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Waves, Surface **Bull Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Waves, Surface **Bull Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Waves, Surface **Bull Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Waves, Surface **Bull Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Waves, Surface **Bull Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Waves, Surface **Bull Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Waves, Surface **Bull Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Waves, Surface **Bull Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Waves, Surface **Bull Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Waves, Surface **Bull Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Waves, Surface **Bull Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Waves, Surface **Bull Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Waves, Surface **Bull Principles of RFID Systems: Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Field, El

Module - III: Frequency Ranges and Radio Licensing Regulations: Frequency Ranges Used, European Licensing Regulations, National Licensing Regulations in Europe, National Licensing Regulations.

Standardization: Animal Identification, Contactless Smart Cards, ISO 69873 — Data Carriers for Tools and Clamping Devices, ISO 10374 — Container Identification, VDI 4470 — Anti-theft Systems for Goods, Item Management.

Module - IV: Coding and Modulation: Coding in the Baseband, Digital Modulation Procedures. Data Integrity: The Checksum Procedure, Multi-Access Procedures Anticollision. Data Security: Mutual Symmetrical Authentication, Authentication Using Derived Keys, Encrypted Data Transfer.

Module - V: Sensors & sensing technology and interfacing Techniques, Transponder with Memory Function, HF interface, Example circuit — load modulation with subcarrier, Example circuit — HF interface for ISO 14443 transponder, Address and security logic, Read-only transponder, Writable transponder, Transponder with cryptological function, Segmented memory, MIFARE_ application directory, MIFARE_ plus, Modern concepts for the dual interface card, Measuring Physical Variables, Transponder with sensor functions, Measurements using microwave transponders, Sensor effect in surface wave transponders.

Readers: Data Flow in an Application, Components of a Reader, Low Cost Configuration — Reader IC U2270B, Connection of Antennas for Inductive Systems, Reader Designs.

Applications: Contactless Smart Cards, Public Transport, Ticketing, Access Control, Transport Systems, Animal Identification, Electronic Immobilization, Container Identification, Sporting Events, Industrial Automation, Medical Applications. Interfacing technology, Zigbee

Textbooks:

- 1. Klaus Finkenzeller "RFID Handbook" Second Edition John Wiley & Sons Ltd.
- STEPHEN B. MILES, SANJAY E. SARMA, JOHN R. WILLIAMS"RFID Technology and Applications" Cambridge University Press 2008.
- 3. Yan Zhang and Paris Kistos "Security in RFID and sensor networks" CRC press 2009.

Course Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of course students will be able to:

CO1	Understand RFID system and its features
CO2	Describe the fundamental operating principle of RFID system
CO3	Elaborate the used frequency range and the regulations and standardization
CO4	Knowledge of data integrity and data security
CO5	Illustrate the sensors and its interfacing techniques

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C 1				ISE CONTE	113		w.e	.I. Ju	ly 202	4		
Subject code	Subject Name		Maximum Marks Allotted					Total Hours/Week			Total	
EC705M A			Theory	1	Pra	ctical	Marks				Credits	
	Digital Image	End	Mid-Sem	Quiz	End	Lab		L	T	P		
	Processing	Sem	Exam	am Assignment Sem Work 100	100				4			
		70	20	10	-	-		3	1	-		

Module-I: DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING:

Elements of a Digital Image Processing system, Structure of the Human eye, Image formation and contrast sensitivity, Sampling and Quantization, Neighbors of a pixel, Distance measures, Image acquisition Systems, CMOS display demission and page 14 of 1490 assess.

& Telecommunications Engg Value II - aluboM Jabalpur Engineering Colleg Value III - aluboM

Definition, Spatial domain methods, Frequency domain methods, Histogram modify technique, Neighborhood averaging, Media filtering, Low pass filtering, Averaging of multiple images, Image sharpening by differentiation and high pass filtering.

Module-III : IMAGE TRANSFORMS:

Introduction to Fourier transform-DFT, Properties of two dimensional FT, Separability, Translation, Periodicity, Rotation, Average value, FFT algorithm, Walsh transforms, Hadamard transform, Discrete Cosine transform, Wavelet transform and comparison of all the transforms.

Module - IV : IMAGE RESTORATION :

Definition, Degradation model, Discrete formulation, Circulant matrices, Block circulant matrices, Effect of diagnolization of circulant and block circulant matrices, Unconstrained and constrained restorations, Inverse filtering, Wiener filter, Restoration in spatial domain.

Module - V: IMAGE ENCODING:

Objective and subjective fidelity criteria, Basic encoding process, Variable length coding, LZW, Bit-plane coding-Bit-plane coding, Lossless predictive coding - Lossy compression: Lossy predictive coding, transform coding, wavelet coding. Image compression. Introduction to all the Image compression techniques and standards, CCITT, JPEG, JPEG 2000, Video compression standards. Basics of Pattern Recognition, image segmentation

References:

1. "Digital Image Processing" by Rafael, C. Gonzlez., and Paul, Wintz, Addison-Wesley Publishing

Company.

- 2. "Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing" by Jain Anil K. Prentice Hall.
- 3. "Digital Image Processing" by Sosenfeld, and Kak, A.C., Academic Press.
- 4. The Image Processing Handbook, (5/e), CRC, 2006 by J.C. Russ.
- 5. Digital Image Processing with MATLAB by .R.C.Gonzalez& R.E. Woods; Prentice Hall, 2003

Course Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of course students will be able to:

CO1	Knowledge of elements of digital image processing system
CO2	Describe about Image enhancement techniques
CO3	Illustrate the Image transforming techniques
CO4	Understand ways for Image restoration
CO5	Elaborate Image encoding techniques

Bhan's_

Dr. BHAVANA JHARIA

Reader, Dept. of Electronics

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Jabalpur Engineering College

Jabalpur - 482 011 (M.P.)

Jabalpur Engineering College, Jabalpur (Declared Autonomous by MP Govt., Affiliated to RGPV, Bhopal) (AICTE Model Curriculum Based Scheme) With Provision for Internship

Bachelor of Technology (B.Tech.) VII Semester (Electronics & Telecommunication Engg.)

		_	COURSE C	UNIENIS			w.e.f. July	2024				
Subject code	Subject Name		Maximum Marks Allotted					Но	urs/W	eek	Total	
ЕС705М В			Theory		Pra	ctical	Marks				Credits	
	Artificial	End	Mid-Sem.	Quiz	End	Lab		L	T	P		
	Intelligence	Sem.	Exam	Assignment	Sem.	Work	100				4	
		70	20	10	-	-		3	1	-		

Module - I: Meaning and definition of artificial intelligence, various types of production systems, Characteristics of production systems.

Module - II: Knowledge Representation, Problems in representing knowledge, knowledge representation using propositional and predicate logic, comparison of propositional and predicate logic, Resolution, refutation, deduction, theorem proving, inferencing, monotonic and non-monotonic reasoning.

Module - III: Probabilistic reasoning, Baye's theorem, semantic networks, scripts, schemas, frames, conceptual dependency, fuzzy logic, forward and backward reasoning.

Module - IV: Game playing techniques like mini-max procedure, alpha-beta cut-offs etc, planning, Study of the block world problem in robotics, Introduction to understanding and natural languages processing.

Module - V: Introduction to learning, Various techniques used in learning, introduction to neural networks, applications of neural networks, common sense, reasoning, some example of expert systems, Free software.

References:-

- Rich E and Knight K, Artificial Intelligence, TMH New Delhi.
- Nelsson N.J., Principles of Artificial Intelligence, Springer Verlag, Berlin.
 Barr A, Fergenbaub E.A. and Cohen PR. Artificial Intelligence, Addison
- Wesley, Reading Waterman D.A., A guide to Expertsystem, Adision -
- Wesley, Reading
 - Artificial Intelligence Hand book, Vol. 1-2, ISA, Research
- · Triangle Park. Kos Ko B, Neural Networks and Fuzzy
- system –PHI.
 - Haykin S, Artificial Neural Networks-Comprehensive Foundation, Asea, Pearson.

Course Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of course students will be able to:

CO1	Characterize Artificial intelligence system	
CO2	Describe knowledge representation in AI systems	
CO3	Illustrate reasoning using fuzzy	
CO4	Elaborate natural language processing	
CO5	Knowledge of neural networks	

Poff & H

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Bachelor of Technology (B.Tech.) VII Semester (Electronics & Telecommunication Engg.)
COURSE CONTENTS w.e.f. July 2024

Subject				E CONTEN			*****	i. oui	y 202.	27						
code	Subject Name		Maximum Marks Allotted					H ₀					Но	urs/W	Total	
ЕС705М С			Theory		Pra	ctical	Marks			Credits						
	Robotics	End	Mid-Sem	Quiz	End	Lab		L	T	P						
	reobotics	Sem	Exam	Assignment	Sem	Work	ork 100				4					
		70	20	10	-	-		3	1	-						

Module I

Introduction: Historical development of robots; basic terminology and structure; robots in automated manufacturing, robot configuration space and its topology, degrees of freedom

Module II

Rigid Motions and Homogeneous Transformation: Rotations and their composition; Exponential coordinates; Screw theory; Twists; Euler angles; homogeneous transformations

Module III

Forward Kinematics: Common robot configurations; Product of Exponentials formula; Denavit-Hartenberg convention

Velocity kinematics: Angular velocity and acceleration; The Jacobian

Inverse kinematics: Planar mechanisms; geometric approaches; pseudo inverse; spherical wrist; numerical approaches and Newton-Raphson method

Module IV

Statics of open chains: The use of the Jacobian; singular configurations; manipulability Kinematics of closed-chains

Robot dynamics: Lagrangian dynamics; Euler-Newton equations for open kinematic chains. Forward and inverse dynamics.

Module V

Trajectory generation: trajectories in space of homogeneous transformations; minimum time trajectories

Feedback control: Actuators and sensors; velocity and torque control; PID control; linearization; feedback linearization

Vision-based control: The geometry of image formation; feature extraction; feature tracking (lab)

Text Books:

- Lynch and Park, Modern Robotics: Mechanics, Planning, and Control, Cambridge University Press, 2017
- 2. Robotics, Vision, and Control, Peter Corke, Springer, 2011.
- 3. Introduction to Robotics, John J. Craig, Addison-Wesley Publishing, Inc., 1989
- 4. Introduction to Robotics, P. J. McKerrow, ISBN: 0201182408

Course Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of course students will be able to:

CO1	Understand the basics of Robotics technology		Palass
CO2	Describe various kind of rigid motions and transform	nations	Dr. BHAVANA JHARIA
CO3	Differentiate between various kinds of Kinematics	111	Dr. BHAVANA JHARIA Dr. BHAVANA JHARIA Dept. of Electronics Dept. of Electronics Reader, Telecommunications Engg. Telecommunications College
CO4	Illustrate Robot dynamics	11/1	
CO5	Elaborate trajectory generations and controls	DEAN	Jabalpur Engineering Con.P.) Jabalpur - 482 011 (M.P.)
		Academ	nic

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